MILLENNIAL MINDSET

Healthcare Marketing to Millennials

THE WORRIED WELL

OCT 2014

SPECIAL REPORT
Often described as the “Worry Generation,” millennials are coming to health and wellness brands with new needs and new challenges.

- If Pokémon cards were ever your playground currency...
- If you knew what LOL meant the first time you used it...
- If you can talk in great depth about every character on Boy Meets World...
- If your music collection started with Now That’s What I Call Music!...
- If you’ve ever received a trophy without really knowing why...
- If you were more likely to hang out with your “buddies” on AIM than at the mall...

...You’re probably a millennial adult.

But they’re also more likely to know people who are struggling to find jobs and launch their lives and careers. Skyrocketing levels of stress, anxiety, and depression going into adulthood, the millennial journey is a healthcare journey. And yet, like generations before them, they’re making their own way—creating new roles for health and wellness brands even as they redefine what health and wellness mean to them.

In a recent Adult Millennials and Health study, Allidura, GSW, and Harris poll teamed up to find out more about what this newest group of healthcare consumers needs from health and wellness brands. The answers start with personal utility and cultural currency.

The online study was conducted from May to June of 2014 among over 3,500 millennial teens, millennial adults, gen Xers, and baby boomers.

Carrying the Health Worries of a Much Older Generation
Many have compared millennials to baby boomers as special generations that have been shaped by similar socioeconomic shocks and grown to share similar values, like expecting integrity from others and wanting to live a meaningful life. But one commonality they may have never expected is a right-now concern about health.

As creators of the quantified-self movement, millennials are often perceived as healthier than their baby boomer counterparts. Yet millennials worry about health issues (such as getting a serious illness or affording the cost of healthcare) almost exactly as much as boomers. In fact, in some key categories—like having access to doctors and medication when they need it—millennials worry even more than baby boomers.

Millennials who have children and those who live in urban areas are even more likely to actively worry about some of these health issues compared to their counterparts. An alarming 73% of millennials living in urban areas say that they worry about having access to necessary healthcare.

These 18 to 32-year-olds are members of a generation that’s more technically savvy, ambitious, and collaborative than the generations that came before them.

By Zach Gerber and Kit Shea
Millennial adults are part of the first truly high-tech generation, but they were raised by the last of decidedly low-tech parents. They grew up with the Internet, the eventual ability to find anything, to compare themselves to anyone in an instant, but without the guidance on how to internalize that flood of information. As adults, their insatiable need for that constant digital context may be hurting their health.

Who influences them the most when it comes to their own health? Surprisingly, it’s not always the health experts or popular celebrities. A large percentage of millennials trust information from friends and family over high-profile health experts.

Twenty-two percent of millennials trust celebrities when they are endorsing a food product. Sixty percent trust high-profile health experts like Dr. Oz. And 84% trust information from people they know personally—such as friends or family.

Not only has the medium in which they receive medical information changed, but they are also more negatively influenced by what they find online in comparison to gen Xers or baby boomers—37% of millennials sometimes self-diagnose themselves with health problems that they don’t have (vs. 26% of gen Xers and 24% of baby boomers). So does technology become a self-perpetuating cycle for millennials? Forty-four percent say that viewing health information online causes them to worry about their health (vs. 32% of gen Xers and 24% of baby boomers).
It turns out that our hulking healthcare system—with its confusing cost structures and white-coated experts—isn’t what millennials are pursuing, even as they express worry about their health. For them the question seems to be, not, who can help me, but what can help me. They’re mashing up food trends with high-profile cleanses and intriguing new exercise offers to proactively live healthier lives—and keep the doctor away. In fact, 71% believe they’re already doing everything they can to maintain a healthy lifestyle. These efforts show some indication that they may be attempting to avoid traditional healthcare altogether.

It may be because they think of healthcare as “sick care”—a system designed to restore their health, not maintain it. A majority (62%) see a healthcare professional reactively; that’s significantly more than gen Xers or baby boomers (46% and 34%, respectively).
The life-defining events that have shaped the formative years of this generation included the Columbine shootings, 9/11 attacks, corporate corruption scandals, and the war on terrorism. These experiences have made their choices in literature and movies decidedly dystopian—and, left them with a really simple life goal: happiness.¹

Almost all millennials (97%) say that being happy is important to them, and 95% say the same about being healthy.

But there is a strong disconnect between that goal and their everyday reality. When asked what best described them, 48% of millennials described themselves as happy, and only 42% say they consider themselves healthy.

Millennial adults experience more stress than gen Xers or baby boomers. They’re more likely to describe themselves as anxious, and more than 1 in 10 have been diagnosed with social phobia.

The study suggests that millennials see the mind–body connection as important to overall health. Thirty-five percent of them believe that seeing a therapist or psychiatrist regularly is essential or at least important to lead a healthy lifestyle. Millennial men are much more likely than their female counterparts to say this (42% vs. 28%).

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A New Approach for Marketers

What this new study tells us is that marketing to millennials requires an approach that is fundamentally different from those we relied on for gen Xers and baby boomers. Successful marketing to this generation will rely on personal utility and emotional currency.

Millennials seek out brands that provide just-for-them utility with experiences that support their individual approaches to learning about and managing their own health—ones that merge "real" healthcare with personal wellness fueled by food, exercise, and social connections.

Another millennial study has shown that in the consumer world their favorite utility brands are Google, YouTube, Nintendo, and Apple. In healthcare, successful marketing will look much more like clever brands are Google, YouTube, Nintendo, in the consumer world their favorite utility another millennial study has shown that exercise, and social connections.

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In their consumer lives, the brands that fill that emotional currency role are Legos, Nintendos, Oreo, and Red Cross. This isn’t a generation to address with scared-straight tactics like the sizzling eggs in this-is-your-brain-on-drugs advertisements. Instead it’s one that thinks of physical health as intricately connected with mental health. It needs brands that think about health and wellness the same way—brands that can help them understand what’s normal and create solutions that benefit them.

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Emotional currency is the other critical component of marketing to millennials. They’ll stick with brands that understand the important role of stress in their lives and health.

These brands deliver the personal utility and emotional currency that let millennials choose healthcare on their terms—ones that are as unique to this generation as flannel shirts were to the one before it.
EXCLUSIVE REPORT
FROM ALLIDURA, GSW, 
AND THE HARRIS POLL

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About the Millennials and Health Study

The millennials and health survey was administered online within the United States between May 21 and June 4, 2014, among 500 US teens ages 13-17 (Millennial teens); 2,015 US adults ages 18-32 (Millennial adults); 508 US adults ages 33-49 (Gen Xers); and 507 US adults ages 50-68 (Baby Boomers). Harris Poll conducted the research.

Sources:
